

PERENNIAL NAME		
Acanthus mollis Acanthus spinosis		Bear's breeches; bears purple flowers and can reach 36-48" tall. Blooms from June - September.
Achillea millefolium 'Strawberry Seduction' Achillea 'Moonshine'		Yarrow- Flowers are great for cutting and drying, deadhead after bloom to prolong blooming. Feathery foliage, this is a very low maintenance plant. Perfect for the butterfly and hummingbird garden. Jonker's carries many varieties of Achillea in colors from pale yellow to red. Heights range from 24" to 48" depending on your cheerful variety.
Aconitum bicolor Aconitum carmichaelii 'Arendsii' Aconitum 'Fischeri' Aconitum 'Stainless Steel'		Monkshood- All parts of the Monkshood plant are poisonous. The foliage is very attractive and glossy green, and flower is fragrant! This plant is tolerant of wet soils and they are generally 36-48" in height. The bloom time is July - September and they are often blooming after all other plants have stopped in the fall.
Actaea pachypoda (alba)		Doll's Eyes- Actaea bears white berries in August and has lovely feathery white flowers in May and June. This plant stays around 24" tall and does best in moist rich soil.
Actinidia kolomikta	Vine	Tricolor Kiwi vine
Adenophora 'Amethyst'	Native	Ladybells
Agapanthus 'Hardy Blue'		African Lily
Agastache 'Apricot Sprite' Agastache 'Black Adder' Agastache 'Honey Bee Blue' Agastache 'Honey Bee White' Agastache 'Pink Panther' Agastache 'Red Fortune' Agastache 'Tuti Fruiti'		Giant Hummingbird Mint- As the common name indicates this plant is great for attracting hummingbirds and butterflies. Everything about this perennial is fragrant and the leaves may be used in teas and salads. Our varieties all are in the 18-36" range and the flowers are in pinks, blues, and lavenders. Look for blooms in late July through October. For success keep this plant in moist, well-drained soil.
Ajania pacifica		Chrysanthemum- This fall bloomer is best known for its variegated foliage. The flowers are yellow and it reaches only about 12" in height.
Akebia quinata	Vine	Fiveleaf Akebia
Alcea 'Creme de Cassis' Alcea 'Nigra' Alcea rosea 'Chater's Double pink' Alcea rosea 'Chater's Double Red' Alcea rosea 'Chater's Double Yellow' Alcea 'Summer Memories ' mix Alcea 'Zebrina'		Hollyhocks provide a strong vertical accent in the garden, with some varieties growing to 5 or 6 feet. Because of their height they may require staking. Their flowers (sometimes double) begin to blossom in June and last until August. This is an easy plant to grow because it will tolerate drought and plants started during the winter will flower in the spring.
Alchemilla erythropoda Alchemilla mollis		Dwarf Lady's Mantle Lady's Mantle
Alstroemeria 'Mauve Majesty' Alstroemeria 'Sweet Laura'		Peruvian Lily- One of the hardiest heavy blooming yellow spotted alstroemeria! Likes sun and the fragrant flowers bloom for 6-8 weeks in summer. Good for the middle border, it grows to 30"

		in well-drained soil.
Alyssum aurea 'Gold Dust'		Alyssum- Great for the rock garden and as a ground cover because it grows to about 8". Masses of golden yellow flowers in spring! Enjoy their sweet fragrance.
Ampelopsis brevipedunculata 'Elegans'	Vine	Porcelain vine 'Elegans'
Amsonia hubrechtii Amsonia hubrechtii 'Halfway To Arkansas'		Feather Amsonia- Plant Amsonia in mass and wait for the blue flowers to appear in June. Growing to about 30" tall, this plant requires lots of space around it for growth. An added bonus is it's great fall color!
Anacyclus depressus 'Garden Gnome'		Mt. Atlas Daisy- White daisy-like flowers appear in May and June. This plant is effective as a ground cover and stays small, only 4".
Anchusa azurea 'Blue Angel'		Italian Bugloss- A glorious royal blue flower graces anchusa in June and July. Heights range from 24-36". Sight this plant in a location with rich, well-drained soil.
Anemone 'Pink Saucer' Anemone 'Robustissima' Anemone 'September Charm' Anemone sylvestris - Snowdrops Anemone 'Whirlwind'		Wind Flower or Japanese Anemone- Anemone put on an unexpected show in the late summer garden. The elegant blooms range from white to pink and are a great focal point at about 36-40". They are virtually pest free and like rich, well-drained soil. Plant in mass or grow as a specimen in the border.
Anthemis carpatica 'Susanna Mitchell' Anthemis tinctoria 'Kelway'		Hardy Marguerite- Lovely daisy flower heads over highly aromatic and feathery foliage. Anthemis is ideal for the cutting garden because it blooms all summer. Will tolerate dry to moist well-drained soils. The flowers on this 24" plant are lemony yellow and white and may start blooming in May.
Aquilegia 'Blue Bird' Aquilegia 'Cardinal' Aquilegia 'Colorado Violet & White' Aquilegia 'Dove' Aquilegia 'Goldfinch' Aquilegia 'Robin' Aquilegia 'Songbird Series' most varieties Aquilegia vulgaris 'Winky Blue & White'		Columbine- An old-fashioned favorite for hundreds of years, Columbine has beautiful speared blossoms from pastel blue, pink, red, lavender, yellow and white. A hummingbird plant that does great in sun or semi-shade and rich, well-drained soil. A good cut flower from May - June, it may be found no matter which variety you have. Columbine generally is in the 12" to 24" range and is deer resistant!
Arabis blepharophylla 'Spring Charm' Arabis caucasica 'Snow Cap' Arabis caucasica 'Variegata'		Rockcress- Fabulous winter foliage and excellent for the rock garden. Make sure Rockcress is planted in well-drained soil and is cut back after it is done blooming. You may get this plant to rebloom after the initial bloom in May and June. White to deep rose flowers bloom on this 4-8" plant. Rockcress is great as an edging plant.
Arenaria montana 'Avalanche'		Mountain Sandwort
Armeria maritima Armeria maritima 'Alba'		Sea Thrift- A dwarf tuft-forming perennial with attractive grassy evergreen foliage and charming globular white, pink, or wine flowers. Excellent for edging beds and borders because it grows to

		4-8". Also perfect for the rock garden. Deadhead to prolong blooming into fall, as it starts blooming in May or June. Very salt tolerant.
Artemisia ludoviciana 'Silver King' Artemisia ludoviciana 'Valerie Finnis' Artemisia 'Powis Castle' Artemisia schmidtiana 'Silver Mound' Artemisia stelleriana 'Silver Brocade'		Wormwood- An easy to grow plant and best known for its silvery foliage. Very tolerant of wind, sun and drought, but Artemisia must have good drainage. They are a good plant for beach conditions. Heights range from 10"-30". The cut branches can be used in wreaths. Best of all it is deer resistant.
Aruncus aethusifolius Aruncus dioicus Aruncus dioicus 'Kneiffii' Aruncus 'Misty Lace'		Goatsbeard- Beautiful feather plumes of ivory blossoms appear above large, light green leaves in June and July. Likes moist soil and a shady location. A. aethusifolius stands only about 9" A.dioicus 'Kneiffii' is about 24", and A. dioicus reaches 6'
Asarum canadense Asarum europaeum Asarum splendens 'Quick Silver'		Wild Ginger European Ginger Quick Silver Showey Ginger
Asclepias tuberosa Asclepias tuberosa 'Gay Butterflies' Asclepias tuberosa 'Hellow Yellow'		Swamp Milkweed or Red Milkweed- This is the ultimate butterfly plant! It prefers wet soils, but will grow in a sunny, well-drained spot too. Great for the back of perennial borders. The white, pink, red, and yellow flowers all summer are sure to attract many butterflies. The graceful stems grow to about 30".
		We have asters that bloom in May (A. alpinus varieties) and we have asters that bloom in October (New England Aster varieties)! Asters are known for their tiny leaves and wispy daisy flowers. Asters prefer good, well-drained soils and sun. Like mums Jonker's recommends cutting back the taller varieties until July 4 to control height. Alpinus is an early bloomer and great for the rock garden. These varieties are generally in the 8-12" range. They are deer resistant and hummingbirds love them. Site them in a sunny spot with rich, well-drained soil.
Aster dumosus 'Wood's Blue' Aster dumosus 'Wood's Pink' Aster dumosus 'Wood's Purple'		Wood's Asters- These dwarf asters puts on a long color show in late summer. They stay short at only 8-12". A high point is that they are mildew resistant!
Aster frikartii 'Monch'		
Aster lateriflorus 'Lady In Black'		Lady in Black- We are very excited about this variety with its blackish purple foliage and white flowers! It is 30-36" and blooms for 2-3 months starting in late summer.
Aster novae angliae 'Alma Potschke' Aster novae-angliae 'Vibrant Dome'		New England Aster- Ideal plant for fall, these plants are quite tall - 36" and may need staking.
Aster novi-belgii 'Alert' Aster novi-belgii 'Professor Kippenberg'		Michaelmas Daisy- Gracious back of the boarder color in late summer. Pinch back early for more compact plants.
Astilbe 'Alive & Kicking'		False Spirea: All Astilbe plants are easily grown and are invaluable

<p>Astilbe arendsii 'Bridal Veil'</p> <p>Astilbe arendsii 'Fanal'</p> <p>Astilbe arendsii 'Glow' - (Glut)</p> <p>Astilbe chinensis 'Rise & Shine'</p> <p>Astilbe chinensis 'Vision in Pink'</p> <p>Astilbe chinensis 'Visions'</p> <p>Astilbe chinensis 'Visions In Red'</p> <p>Astilbe 'Delft Lace'</p> <p>Astilbe 'Europa'</p> <p>Astilbe 'Fanale'</p>	<p>for shade and semi-shade areas. If they have quite a bit of moisture they can also grow in the sun. Their flower plumes are in colors of white, pinks, corals, and reds. The flower heads make a good dried flowers or may be left on the plant for winter interest. The foliage is feathery and fern-like. They need moisture to prevent browning and death of leaves. Most Astilbes bloom in July and August and are deer resistant and attract hummingbirds.</p> <p>The Astilbe species chinensis works great as a ground cover with a more mounding habit. As with the others they like rich, well-drained soils.</p> <p>This is a tough variety that is more sun and drought tolerant! With pink blooms in late July it is sure to delight you with its 6 -8 week bloom time.</p>
	<p>Astilbe japonica is a species with narrow sharply toothed glossy dark green foliage. The plumes of flowers are pyramidal in shape. They tend to be medium in height compared to other Astilbe, most are around 24-30."</p>
<p>Astilbe simplicifolia 'Key Biscayne'</p> <p>Astilbe simplicifolia 'Key Largo'</p> <p>Astilbe simplicifolia 'Key West'</p> <p>Astilbe taqueti 'Superba'</p> <p>Astilbe taqueti 'Visions'</p>	<p>If you are looking for a more compact Astilbe, check out the species simplicifolia. The plants are very uniform and stay around 14-18" in height.</p>
<p>Astilbe thunbergii 'Ostrich Plume'</p>	<p>Looking for something to fill that spot in the back of your shade border? The species thunbergii has tall loosely branched nodding plumes on plants that range from 40-80"!</p>
<p>Astrantia major 'Abby Road'</p> <p>Astrantia major 'Ruby Wedding'</p>	<p>Masterwort- Astrantia is well known as a cut flower. The white and wine blooms it bears in summer add great texture to bouquets and also work as a dried flower.</p>
<p>Aubrieta 'Purple Gem'</p>	<p>Rockcress- As the name implies, this plant is for the rock garden and for your bed borders. Looks best if sheared after flowering in June. The blooms are in the pastel range of white, pinks, and purples. Our varieties stay about 4" tall and like well-drained soil. Consider planting bulbs in and amongst your Rockcress for an amazing show in May.</p>
<p>Baptisia australis</p> <p>Baptisia lactea</p> <p>Baptisia 'Solar Flare Prairieblues'</p> <p>Baptisia varicolor 'Starlight Prairie Blues'</p> <p>Baptisia varicolor 'Twilight Prairie Blues'</p>	<p>False Indigo- If you can't grow anything, we have the plant for you, the brilliant indigo flowering plant. With blooms in May and even into June this plant is a true delight. The pods it produces grace the garden all summer and into the winter. Baptisia australis is impressive at 36"-48" tall. We can appreciate that it likes well-drained but poor soils.</p>
<p>Bellis perennis 'Pomponette Mix'</p> <p>Bellis perennis 'Super Emorma Mix'</p>	<p>English Daisy- This sweet biennial flowers in April through June.</p>

Bellis perennis 'Tasso Strawberries & Cream'		The plant is tiny at only 3 - 5" and prefers a rich, moist, well-drained soil. We have two varieties with flowers from white to red. Bellis will reseed itself to delight you for years to come.
Bergenia cordifolia 'Bressingham Red'		Saxifraga- What large glossy green evergreen leaves you have! This easy care plant is a great ground cover at 12 - 17". It does well in a wide range of soils and bears flowers from white to red. The foliage turns reddish in winter for a nice surprise. The leathery leaves can be used in flower arrangements.
Boltonia asteroides 'Nana'		A real show stopper Boltonia is tall at 48" but can be pinched back in July for a shorter, fuller plant. Snowbank's pure white aster-like blooms cast their spell in August and September. They are easy to care for but appreciate well-drained soil.
Brunnera macrophylla Brunnera macrophylla 'Jack Frost' Brunnera macrophylla 'Looking Glass' Brunnera macrophylla variegata Brunnera 'Mr.Morse' Brunnera 'Spring Yellow'		Great fuzzy green leaves and tiny blue flowers, like a forget-me-not, this plant is essential for the woodland garden. The plants all stay in the 12-16" range but have differing leaf coloring. Make sure it has moist, well-drained soil. It is a suitable companion for your spring blooming bulbs and in mass under trees, and it is a self-seeder! Brunnera macrophylla 'Looking Glass' - New for 2005, One of the most exciting new introductions we have seen in a long time! Amazing leaves resemble cracked porcelain. As with the others it blooms in early spring for 6 - 8 weeks.
Buddleia davidii bicolor Buddleia davidii 'Black Knight' Buddleia davidii 'Royal Red' Buddleia davidii 'Santana'		Butterfly Bush- White, pink, red, purple, or yellow flowers depending on variety, these woody perennials really draw a crowd! Butterflies and hummingbirds love them. Maturing at 8-10 feet, Buddleia should be pruned in early spring for a more compact plant.
Calamintha nepeta 'Blue Cloud'		Showy Calamint 'Blue Cloud'
Callirhoe involucrata 'Prairie Winecups'		Poppy Mallow
Campanula carpatica 'Blue Clips' Campanula carpatica 'White Clips' Campanula 'Blue Eyed Blond' Campanula garganica Campanula garganica 'Dickson's Gold' Campanula 'Pink Octopus'		Bellflower- Campanulas come in all shapes and sizes. From the small C. carpatica 'Clips' to the tall and floriferous C. medium and C. persicifolia. Carpatica- Carpathian harebells. These are small mounding plants reaching about 8" in height and bearing flowers in blues and white. The flowers are pendulous and the stems are arching. A fine plant for the rock garden or along the garden path. They bloom from June until September. C. carpatica perform poorly in dry or wet soil, they need well-drained and fertile soil.
Campanula glomerata 'Alba'		

Campanula glomerata 'Superba'		Glomerata- Clustered bellflower. Our varieties in white and purple will delight you. Great for the border and any informal area because of its 18” height. Blooms in early summer and likes moist soil. This variety is generally disease and pest free.
Campanula persicifolia 'Alba' Campanula persicifolia 'Blue Bells' Campanula persicifolia 'Chettle Charm' Campanula persicifolia grandiflora		Persicifolia-Peachleaf bellflower. It has been said that these will rebloom if trimmed after blooming – what a gift! In shades of white and blues, even some with double flowers. This back of the border plant grows to 36” and may need staking. Keep your eye on it in May through July to enjoy the blossoms. They prefer well-drained soil for best success.
Campanula portenschlagiana Campanula poscharskyana Campanula poscharskyana 'Blue Waterfall'		Serbian Bellflower
Campsis radicans 'Minnesota Red'	Vine	Trumpet Vine
Catananche caerulea		Cupid's Dart- Legend has it that these plants were once used in love potions! They make a great everlasting flower and bloom in lavenders and pale blues on 24” stems. Remember they like dry soil and bloom June – August.
Celastrus rosthornianus	Vine	Bittersweet vine
Centaurea montana Centaurea montana 'Gold Bullion' Centaurea macrocephala		Cornflower- Centaurea are generally easy to grow and are often considered a wildflower. They are great for attracting hummingbirds and butterflies so keep this in mind. Keep an eye on them, they may need staking. Flowers appear in July and August. We have 'Gold Bullion' this year with bright chartreuse leaves to contrast the deep blue flowers.
Centranthus alba Centranthus ruber		Juniper's Beard- Delicious fragrant flowers and the opportunity for rebloom if you prune. Their flowers of rosy red or white delight us from May until July! Make sure this 24” plant has lots of sun and lime soil. Centranthus flowers even when heat stressed.
Cheiranthus chieri 'Orange Bedder'		Wallflower- A must for the English garden! The cheerful golden yellow flowers will smile on you all summer long. They are fragrant too. The plant is a biennial that reaches 18”, but will likely reseed and surprise you again and again.
Chelone lyonii 'Hot Lips'		Turtlehead- This plant has the glossiest of green foliage and the flowers in whites and pinks will surprise you each fall. Often Chelone is blooming when all other plants have finished for the season. The 30” stems bear the unusual flowers that are shaped almost like turtles heads. It tolerates moist soil which makes it great for streambanks and ponds.
Chrysanthemum rubellum 'Clara Curtis'		'Clara Curtis' has hundreds of pink flowers and stands 24”.
Cimicifuga racemosa (Black Snakeroot)		Bugbane- The elegant dark purple leaves of this shade plant make it a beauty to behold. The white spires of flowers it puts up in

		August and September are an added bonus.
Cimicifuga ramosa 'Brunette'		'Brunette' – a newer addition to our line, has pinkish white flowers and is only 48”.
Cimicifuga ramosa 'Hillside Black Beauty'		Hillside Black Beauty' – bears a slight fragrance and is considered a collectors item. Make sure it is in moisture retentive soil. This beauty reaches 7’!
Cimicifuga ramosa 'Pink Spike'		
Cimicifuga simplex 'White Pearl'		
Clematis 'Bee's Jubilee'	Vine	Clematis- Vigorous climbers in many colors depending on variety. Flower times also depend on variety. Growth can be from 8'-20' in a season.
Clematis 'Claire de Lune'	Vine	
Clematis 'Duchess of Albany'	Vine	
Clematis 'Duchess of Edinburgh'	Vine	
Clematis 'Ernest Markham'	Vine	
Clematis 'Henrii'	Vine	
Clematis 'John Paul'	Vine	
Clematis 'John Paul II'	Vine	
Clematis 'Josephine'	Vine	
Clematis 'Midnight Showers'	Vine	
Clematis 'My Angel'	Vine	
Clematis 'Nelly Moser'	Vine	
Clematis 'Niobe'	Vine	
Clematis paniculata 'Sweet Autumn'	Vine	
Clematis 'Perle D'Azure'	Vine	
Clematis 'Piliu'	Vine	
Clematis 'Polish Spirit'	Vine	
Clematis 'Princess Diana'	Vine	
Clematis 'Rosemore'	Vine	
Clematis 'Superba'	Vine	
Clematis 'The President'	Vine	
Conoclinium coelestinum 'Wayside'		Hardy Ageratum 'Wayside'
Coreopsis 'Autumn Blush'		Tickseed- It wouldn't be a sunny garden without the yellow flowers of Coreopsis! If you deadhead Coreopsis it will rebloom; often people have luck with theirs blooming from June until frost. Most Coreopsis grow to 18-24”. Great because it is pest and disease free, drought tolerant. Don't forget, it also attracts butterflies and hummingbirds. We have in stock at least 14 varieties.
Coreopsis 'Creme Brule'		
Coreopsis 'Early Sunrise'		
Coreopsis grandiflora 'Full Moon'		
Coreopsis grandiflora 'Presto'		
Coreopsis 'Jethro Tull'		
Coreopsis 'Little Sundial'		
Coreopsis 'Rising Sun'		
Coreopsis rosea 'Heavens Gate'		
Coreopsis 'Tequilla Sunrise'		
Coreopsis verticillata 'Moonbeam'		
Coreopsis verticillata 'Zagreb'		
Cornus canadensis	Native	Bunchberry
Corydalis flexuosa 'Blue Panda'		A delicate plant that is a must for the shade garden. The charming Corydalis grows to about 12” and blooms practically all summer
Corydalis lutea		

Corydalis sempervirens		starting in late May. You can plant it in stone walls as well because it is drought tolerant.
Crambe cordifolia		Giant Kale
Crocosmia 'Bright Eyes' Crocosmia 'Emily McKenzie' Crocosmia 'George Davison' Crocosmia 'Lucifer'		A great garden plant for both it's foliage and it's delicate flowers, Crocosmia is a delight. The long strappy leaves generally reach 30-36" or more. In July it sends up spires of flowers that are almost freesia-like, and last until September. The red could not be redder. Make sure you mulch this plant in winter and you will want to be aware that it does like to spread out!
Cypripedium acaule	Native	Pink Lady's Slippers
Darmera 'Peltata'		Umbrella Plant- Darmera is a large spreading plant with beautiful foliage that reaches 30". The lilac and rose flowers appear in March before the foliage emerges. Darmera does best in shade, but will perform well in the sun or partial shade as long as there is adequate moisture. Placement near a pond or stream would be just fine.
Delphinium elatum 'Blue Lace' Delphinium elatum 'Double Innocence' Delphinium elatum 'Pagan Purple' Delphinium elatum 'Purple Passion' Delphinium elatum 'Summer Blues' Delphinium grandiflorum 'Blue Butterfly' Delphinium grandiflorum 'Summer Morning' Delphinium 'Summer Stars' Delphinium 'Sunny Skies'		Larkspur- Delphinium is derived from the Greek word delphis dolphin and refers to the closed flower buds, which resemble dolphins. Delphiniums are popular in English gardens and Cottage gardens and are most commonly in shades of blue, white, pink, and lavender. There are varieties with double flowers that are lovely as well. Most of our 12 varieties of Delphiniums reach a height of 36-48". They bloom in June and July. If you deadhead (or cut flowers for bouquets) you may be surprised by a fall bloom. Most of the tallest plants will need staking to keep them looking good all summer long. Delphinium perform the best in moist, well drained soil.
Dianthus barbatus 'Amazon Neon Cherry' Dianthus barbatus 'Amazon Neon Purple' Dianthus barbatus 'Amazon Neon Rose Magic' Dianthus barbatus 'Amazon Neon Star' Dianthus 'Bewitched' Dianthus 'Inferno' Dianthus 'Raspberry Swirl' Dianthus 'Spangled Star'		Sweet William, Carnation, Pinks- One of the sweetest flowers of the garden, Dianthus loves the sun, but it also loves well-drained soil that doesn't dry out too quickly. Dianthus are best known for their fragrance and their soft flowers in early summer. They can also be very functional along the border and as a ground cover. Many are short in size, the tallest varieties reach 24". Jonker's offers many varieties for your Cottage Garden border, the following are just a few.
		Caryophyllus'- Fragrant semi-double and double flowers in whites, yellows, and reds are great for cutting. The tallest of the group, it grows to 24" and blooms in early summer.
Dianthus deltoides 'Zing Rose' Dianthus gratianopolis 'Spotty' Dianthus gratianopolitanus 'Firewitch' Dianthus gratianopolitanus 'Tiny Rubies'		Deltiodes'- In reds and white our varieties are said to rebloom if the plants are sheared after the first flush. Make a great ground cover. Cheddar pink

<p>Dicentra eximia 'Aurora' Dicentra eximia 'Luxuriant' Dicentra formosa 'Burning Hearts' Dicentra formosa 'King of Hearts' Dicentra spectabilis Dicentra spectabilis 'Alba' Dicentra spectabilis 'Gold Heart'</p>		<p>Bleeding Heart- A Beautiful delicate flower and foliage graces Bleeding Heart. The plants have the added bonus of being long bloomers, most bloom from May until September and the flowers are nice for cutting. Make sure these plants have plenty of shade for their leaves will curl. The heart shaped flowers are in white, pinks, and reds. D. spectabilis is the tallest species at 36” while D. eximia is medium at 18” and D. formosa is quite short at 10 or 12”.</p> <p>‘King of Hearts’ - The foliage is gray green in color making it more versatile in the garden border. The blooms on the tiny plant, (it is only 8 or 10”) are pink and last from May until July or August. Make sure ‘King of Hearts’ and all Dicentra have moist, rich soil.</p> <p>Spectabilis'-Old Fashioned Bleeding Heart. Great arching stems of flowers, will go dormant after blooming in May and June.</p>
<p>Dictamnus fraxinella rubra</p>		<p>Gas Plant</p>
<p>Digitalis mertonensis Digitalis purpurea 'Pam's Choice'</p>		<p>Foxglove- A gem for your English garden border. Foxglove sends up its flowers of yellows, pinks, white, apricots, roses, and reds in June and July. Our varieties are sure to delight you and your butterflies and hummingbirds. Not to mention deer can’t stand them. Most Foxglove grow between 36-48”. But D. purpurea ‘Apricot Blush’ reaches a whooping 60”. Species ferruginea and purpurea are both biennials, and purpurea is likely to reseed itself. The others, ambigua, lutea, and mertonensis are true perennials.</p> <p>‘Pam’s Choice’ - Lovely white and maroon flowers begin to shine in early summer and last for 4 to 6 weeks. This biennial prefers rich, well-drained soil.</p>
<p>Disporum sessile 'Variegatum'</p>	<p>Native</p>	<p>Variegated Fairy Bells</p>
<p>Doronicum caucasicum 'Little Leo'</p>		<p>Leopard’s Bane- Deep yellow daisy-like blossoms in April and May. They prefer moist, well-drained soil and may die down in the summer.</p>
<p>Echinacea 'Coconut Lime' Echinacea 'Doubledecker' Echinacea 'Fragrant Angel' Echinacea 'Green Envy' Echinacea 'Green Jewel' Echinacea 'Mac 'N' Cheese' Echinacea 'Magnus' Echinacea paradoxa Echinacea 'Pink Double Delight' Echinacea 'Pixie Meadowbright' Echinacea 'Red Knee High' Echinacea 'Ruby star'</p>		<p>Coneflower- If you are looking for an easy to grow and easy to care for plant, Coneflower is a good choice. A favorite among sunny gardeners because its petals seem to look like an umbrella around their cone shaped core. The flowers are very showy and often large in size. They are a long living plant that often reseeds itself, so give it lots of space. Coneflower will rebloom all summer if you deadhead them or cut flowers for bouquets. They attract butterflies in summer and birds in the winter if you leave their seedheads to dry. Deer dislike their bristly foliage. E. purpurea ‘Magnus’ was the Perennial Plant of the Year in 1998, it bears rosy flowers on a 36” tall plant.</p>

Echinacea 'Tiki Torch'		
Echinacea 'Tomato Soup'		
Echinacea 'Virgin'		
Echinacea 'White Swan'		
Echinops 'Artic Blue'		Globe Thistle 'Arctic Blue'
Echinops 'Blue Glow'		Globe Thistle 'Blue Glow'
Echinops ritro		Globe Thistle
Epimedium cantabrigiense		Barrenwort- Sheer elegance, the nodding flowers bob above the small heart shaped leaves from April until June. Our seven varieties grow best in the shade, even under trees – a situation in which few perennials will perform well. Their leaves have a reddish fall color that is a nice surprise. Epimedium are small in size at 15” and perform well as a ground cover in a shady area.
Epimedium 'Frohnleiten'		
Epimedium rubrum		
Epimedium versicolor 'Sulphureum'		
Eremurus isabellinus 'Cleopatra'		Foxtail Lily- A spectacular display will surprise you in the early summer, as these guys send up their tall flowers! The flower colors range from pastels to orange. It is best to plant these deep and to mulch them in the spring. They will go dormant in the summer months. Find them a sunny spot with lots of room, they can grow to 5’.
Eremurus stenophyllus 'Bungei'		
Erigeron 'Azure Fairy'		Fleabane- Best known for their very narrow thread-like petals and daisy shaped flowers, Fleabane is a long summertime bloomer. The flowers are in double lavenders and mauves on 12-20" stems. It is a favorite in Europe and is widely used in the rock garden. Make sure Fleabane has well drained soil and watch for butterflies to appear.
Erigeron 'Pink Jewel'		
Erodium 'Bishops Form'		Heron's Bill
Eryngium Blue Jackpot'		Sea Holly- An exciting plant in the border, Sea Holly also works well in arrangements! The flowers are in metallic blues that look like thistles. Sea Holly blooms in July and August and tolerates drought. Give it about 24" of space.
Eryngium planum 'Blue Glitter'		
Eryngium planum 'Jade Frost'		
Eupatorium dubium 'Phantom'		Joe-Pye Weed- Joe-Pye is outstanding in its field as a tall border plant! This tall accent plant is at its best in the later summer months and its flowers from blue to purples, pinks, reds, and even white are everlasting. All varieties are very different in flower color and size. E. rugosum 'Chocolate' is a favorite because of its dark-chocolate leaves. All like moist soil.
Eupatorium maculatum 'Gateway'		
Eupatorium rugosum 'Chocolate'		
Euphorbia characias		Spurge- The Euphorbias are best known for casting a golden light on May and early June. Their distinctive green foliage makes a nice mound in the garden to enjoy all summer after their bloom has faded. Most stay in the 10-18" range and enjoy the sunshine.
Euphorbia cyparissias 'Fens Ruby'		
Euphorbia dulcis 'Chameleon'		
Euphorbia myrsinites		
Euphorbia polychroma		
Euphorbia polychroma 'Bonfire'		
Euphorbia polychroma 'First Blush'		
Fern-Anthyrium filix femina 'Veronia Cristata'		Veronia Cristata' Lady fern. This taller fern stands at 36" and has

		vase shaped chartreuse fronds.
Fern-Athyrium nipponicum 'Burgundy Lace'		Burgundy Lace' Painted fern
Fern-Athyrium nipponicum 'Pictum'		A shorter fern at 15", 'Pictum' is also known as the Japanese Painted Fern . It bears mystical gray-green leaves with purplish stems. A striking accent fern or nice in mass as well. Make sure it has moist soil. This fern won perennial plant of the year for 2004!
Fern-Adiantum pedatum		Maiden Hair fern
Fern-Athyrium filix-femina		Lady fern
Fern-Athyrium filix-femina 'Encourage'		Encourage Lady Fern
Fern-Athyrium filix-femina 'Frizelliae'		Frizelliae' Tatting fern
Fern-Athyrium filix-femina 'Victoriae'		Victoriae' Lady fern
Fern-Athyrium 'Ghost'		Ghost' Lady fern
Fern-Athyrium otophorum		English Painted Fern . One of the most colorful ferns, with frosty gray striped foliage. Youthful plants have burgandy foliage. Each frond is shaped like a triangle and they feel almost plastic to the touch. This fern is rapid growing and grows to 12-18".
Fern-Athyrium vidalii		
Fern-Blechnum spicant		Deer Fern
Fern-Cyrtomium fortunei		Fortune's Holly fern
Fern-Dryopteris affinis		Golden Scaled fern
Fern-Dryopteris affinis 'The King'		'The King' Golden scaled fern . This is truly a king among ferns, each frond can reach 36" long and 6"wide! The plant is decorated with frilly crests at the end of each segment. 'The King' will tolerate drought and likes rich soil.
Fern-Dryopteris atrata		Shaggy Shield fern . This fern has goldish-green fronds and evergreen foliage in winter. Space this plant 24", it grows this tall as well.
Fern-Dryopteris celsa		Log Fern
Fern-Dryopteris crassirhizoma		Thick Stemmed Wood fern
Fern-Dryopteris erythrosora		Autumn Shield Fern . An evergreen fern that is one of the most beautiful of the genus. The new fronds are coppery pink and turn to green and then bronze after frost. Autumn fern grows to 24".
Fern-Dryopteris erythrosora 'Brilliance'		Brilliance' Autumn Shield fern
Fern-Dryopteris filix-mas		Male Fern . An old myth contends that if ashes from a burned Male Fern frond were worn around a finger, like a ring, the wearer would gain the ability to comprehend bird songs. Manual of Ground Cover, Mackenzie.
Fern-Dryopteris filix-mas 'Linearis'		Male fern 'Linearis'
Fern-Dryopteris filix-mas 'Parsley'		Male fern 'Parsley'
Fern-Dryopteris filix-mas 'Undulata Robusta'		Robust Male fern
Fern-Dryopteris intermedia		Fancy Fern
Fern-Dryopteris marginalis		Leatherleaf fern . A semi-evergreen fern, Leather Wood is a favorite among florists. The fronds are about 15" and are vigorous

		and leathery.
Fern-Dryopteris x australis		Dixie Wood fern
Fern-Matteuccia struthiopteris Fern-Matteuccia struthiopteris var.'Pennsylvania'		Ostrich fern. A very tall fern at 48". Ostrich fern
Fern-Onoclea sensibilis		Sensitive fern. Lovely deep green fronds, with pink fiddleheads in Spring. The rolled leaves appear to be berries. Sensitive Fern grows only to 12" and likes wet areas with fertile, humus rich soil.
Fern-Osmunda cinnamomea		Cinnamon fern. Subtle waxy green foliage with fronds that turn cinnamon brown in color. The fiddleheads are edible. The 36" plant forms vase-shaped clusters.
Fern-Osmunda claytoniana		Interrupted fern. Smooth yellow-green fronds are "interrupted" with spores. The 48" fronds are arching.
Fern-Osmunda regalis		Royal fern. Unique smooth forest green leaves. Royal fern is a vigorous grower that reaches a whooping 60" and is very attractive.
Fern-Polystichum acrostichoides		Christmas fern. An evergreen fern with rosettes of dark shiny leaves. Their 24" fronds are often cut for Christmas decorations.
Fern-Polystichum aculeatum		Hardy Shield Fern
Fern-Polystichum makinoi		Makino's Holly fern
Fern-Polystichum polyblepharum		Japanese Tassel Fern. A 36" fern that is evergreen
Filipendula palmata 'Elegans' Filipendula ulmaria variegated Filipendula vulgaris 'Kahome'		Meadowsweet
Fragaria 'Lipstick' Fragaria 'Pink Panda'		Strawberry- An ornamental strawberry that is great for hanging containers, flower beds, and ground covers. These plants are tiny, only growing to 5 or 6" and they bear white to pink flowers. 'Lipstick' is a newer variety with pink flowers. All Fragaria bloom in early summer, starting in May.
Fuchsia magellanica 'Cape Horn'		Hardy Fuchsia
Gaillardia aristata 'Arizona Sun' Gaillardia aristata 'Oranges & Lemons' Gaillardia 'Fanfare' Gaillardia grandiflora 'Goblin' Gaillardia grandiflora 'The Sun' Gaillardia 'Tizzy' Gaillardia 'Tokajer'		Blanket Flower- A work horse in the garden, Gaillardia will bloom all summer, even without deadheading. They are heat tolerant and do best if they are divided each year. This helps them to maintain their 18" size compactly. Their flowers in yellows, oranges, and reds shine from June until September. They are a great cut flower and love the sun. Gaillardia despise clay soil.
Gaultheria procumbens		Wintergreen
Gaura lindheimeri 'Corrie's Gold' Gaura lindheimeri 'Crimson Butterfly' Gaura lindheimeri 'Passionate Blush' Gaura lindheimeri 'Rainbow Blush' Gaura lindheimeri 'Siskiyou Pink'		Whirling Butterflies- A favorite of hummingbird and butterfly gardeners, Gaura has elegant slender stems. The delicate flowers are white or pink and are arching on 30" stems. They bloom regularly from June until September. Gaura appreciates good drainage and they have a long tap root, so watering is only needed

Gaura lindheimeri 'Sunny Butterflies'		in the driest part of the summer. Gaura also makes a nice, wispy cut flower.
Gaura lindheimeri 'The Bride'		
Gazania 'Colorado Gold'		Perennial Gazania
GC Aegopodium podagraria 'Variegatum'		Snow on the Mountain
GC Ajuga 'Chocolate Chip'		Bugle Weed
GC Ajuga reptans 'Bronze Beauty'		Bugle Weed
GC Ajuga reptans 'Burgundy Glow'		Bugle Weed
GC Ajuga reptans 'Metallica'		Bugle Weed
GC Ajuga reptans 'Metallica Crispa'		Bugle Weed
GC Ajuga reptans 'Purple Touch'		Bugle Weed
GC Ajuga reptans 'Silver Queen'		Bugle Weed
GC Ajuga 'Royalty'		Bugle Weed
GC Arctostaphylos 'Uva-Ursi' Massachusetts		Bearberry
GC Asarum splendens 'Quick Silver'		Ginger
GC Ceratostigma plumbaginoides		Dwarf Plumbago
GC Convallaria majalis		Lily of the Valley
GC Delosperma cooperi		Hardy Ice Plant
GC Delosperma floribundum 'Starburst'		Hardy Ice Plant
GC Delosperma nubigenum		Hardy Ice Plant
GC Euonymus fortunei 'Colorata'		Wintercreeper
GC Euonymus fortunei 'Kewensis'		Wintercreeper
GC Fragaria 'Lipstick'		Ornamental Strawberry
GC Galium odoratum		Sweet Woodruff
GC Hedera colchica 'Sulfur Heart'		Sulphur Heart Ivy
GC Hedera colchica 'Variegata'		Variegated Persian Ivy
GC Hedera helix		English Ivy
GC Hedera helix 'Baltica'		Baltic Ivy
GC Hedera helix 'Thorndale'		English Ivy 'Thorndale'
GC Lamiastrum galeobdolon 'Herman's Pride'		Golden Dead Nettle
GC Lamium 'Anne Greenaway'		Dead Nettle
GC Lamium maculatum 'Beacon Silver'		Dead Nettle
GC Lamium maculatum 'Ghost'		Dead Nettle
GC Lamium maculatum 'Pink Pewter'		Dead Nettle
GC Leptinella minor		Miniature Brass Buttons
GC Leptinella squalida 'Platt's Black'		Platt's Black' Brass Buttons
GC Liriope muscari 'Big Blue'		Lily Turf
GC Liriope muscari 'Silvery Sunproof'		Lily Turf
GC Liriope spicata		Lily Turf
GC Liriope spicata 'Silver Dragon'		Lily Turf
GC Mazus reptans		Blue Creeping Mazus
GC Mazus reptans 'Alba'		White Creeping Mazus
GC Mukdenia rossii 'Karasuba'		Red Leaved Mukadenia
GC Ophiopogon planiscapus 'Nigrascens'		Black Mondo Grass
GC Oxalis crassipes 'Rosea'		Clover
GC Pachysandra 'Green Sheen'		Japanese Spurge
GC Pachysandra terminalis		Japanese Spurge

GC Paxistima canbyi		
GC Sagina sublata		Irish Moss
GC Sagina sublata 'Aurea'		Scotch Moss
GC Sedum acre		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum 'Cape Blanco'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum caudicola		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum caudicola 'Lidakense'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum dasyphyllum 'Major'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum globosum 'Old Man's Bones'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum 'Jaws'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum 'John Creech'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum kamtschaticum		Stoncrop
GC Sedum makinoi 'Ogon'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum middendorffianum var. diffusum		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum pinifolium 'Blue Spruce'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum r. 'Blue Spruce'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum reflexum 'Czar's Gold'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum reptans 'Angelina'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum sieboldii 'Medio-variegatum'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum species 'Baby Tears'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum species 'Button'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum spectabile 'Hot Stuff'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum spurium 'Bronze Carpet'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum spurium 'Dragon's Blood'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum spurium 'Royal Pink'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum spurium 'Tricolor'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum spurium 'Voodoo'		Creeping Sedum
GC Sedum tetractinum		Creeping Sedum
GC Trifolium repens 'Atropurpureum'		Purple Leaf Clover
GC Vinca minor		Myrtle
GC Vinca minor 'Ralph Shugert'		Myrtle 'Ralph Shugert'
Gentiana dahurica		
Geranium 'Black Beauty'		Geraniums are a favorite perennial ground cover. They are graced with delightful flowers in purples and pinks, even white. Geranium will rebloom if the foliage is cut back after they have finished blooming. Most Geranium are in the 12-18" height range. They do best in part shade with moist, well-drained soil, but will tolerate some drought conditions. They are generally pest free and easy care! Jonker's grows many varieties.
Geranium 'Katherine Adele'		
Geranium 'Lizabeth'		
Geranium 'New Dimension'		
Geranium 'Phillipe Vapelle'		
Geranium 'Rozanne'		
Geranium 'Starman'		
Geranium 'Tiny Monster'		
Geranium endressii 'Patricia'		'Endressii' - A fabulous species because it will bloom most of the summer starting in June. These varieties have deep pink flowers. They do best in cool summers.
Geranium pratense 'Splish Splash'		
Geranium sanguineum		Sanguineum' - Yeah! This cultivar will tolerate full sun! They make a nice rock garden plant, or in the front of the garden border.
Geranium sanguineum 'Album'		

Geranium sanguineum 'Max Frei'		
Geum 'Blazing Sunset' Geum 'Borisii'		Geum makes a bold color statement in the garden. If you are looking to make a splash with oranges and reds, this is one to try. You can't go wrong really, they are deer resistant and they look great with the small blue flowers of Brunnera. Geum bloom in summer during June and July and grow to about 24". Beware of a wet winter-this can be fatal.
Geum 'Lady Stratheden' Geum 'Mrs. Bradshaw' Geum trifolium		
Grass-Acorus calamus variegatus Grass-Acorus g. pusilleus minimus 'Aureus'		Variegated Sweetflag Miniature Golden Sweetflag
Grass-Arundo donax 'Variegata'		Variegated Giant Reed grass. Giant Reed - This sun lover has creeping rhizomes and rises to an amazing 16'! It sends out brownish flowers in September.
Grass-Calamagrostis acutiflora 'Avalanche' Grass-Calamagrostis acutiflora 'Eldorado' Grass-Calamagrostis acutiflora 'Karl Foerster' Grass-Calamagrostis arundinacea 'Overdam' Grass-Calamagrostis brachytricha		Feather Reed grass. Grows very upright and their flowers start out rosy purple in late May and turn to light tan by August. We carry the varieties of Calamagrostis including ' Overdam ' and 6' tall Perennial Plant of the Year for 2001 ' Karl Foerster '.
Grass-Carex		Sedge - Carex does well in competition with tree roots and will tolerate a limited amount of foot traffic. It is a very low maintenance plant that will stand drought for short periods of time. They are also more inclined to do well in a part-shade environment.
Grass-Carex buchananii Grass-Carex dolichostachya 'Kaga Nishiki' Grass-Carex elata 'Bowles Golden' Grass-Carex flagellifera 'Bronze Form' Grass-Carex glauca Grass-Carex hachijoensis 'Evergold' Grass-Carex m. 'Ice Dance' Grass-Carex morrowii 'Silver Sceptre' Grass-Carex muskingumensis 'Little Midge' Grass-Carex muskingumensis 'Oehme'		Leatherleaf sedge. C.buchananii - needs mulch in the winter, has wonderful coppery foliage and grows to 24". Golden Fountain grass Sedge 'Bowles Golden' Bronzeleaf Sedge Blue sedge. C.glauca - a grass with a formal presence. It is quite miniature at only 8" and has variegated foliage. Silver variegated Japanese sedge variegated sedge 'Ice Dance' Sedge 'Silver Sceptre' Palm Branch sedge 'Little Midge' Palm Branch sedge 'Oehme'
Grass-Chasmanthium latifolium		Northern Sea Oats. Well known for it's wonderful seed heads that are great for drying. Northern Sea Oats will grow to 3' and has brown flowers in the early summer starting in May.
Grass-Eragrostis elliotii 'Wind Dancer'		Wind Dancer' Love Grass
Grass-Erianthus ravennae		Hardy Pampas grass
Grass-Festuca glauca 'Boulder Blue' Grass-Festuca ovina glauca 'Elijah Blue' Grass-Festuca ovina var. glauca		Fescues make good border plants and ground covers. They are great for use in rock gardens and in containers. What an accent they provide with their blue foliage. Our three varieties grow to 8-10" and require sun and good drainage.

Grass-Hakonechloa macra Grass-Hakonechloa macra 'Albo-striatum' Grass-Hakonechloa macra 'All Gold' Grass-Hakonechloa macra 'Aureola' Grass-Hakonechloa macra 'Beni Kazi' Grass-Hakonechloa macra 'Nicholas'	Japanese Forest grass and Golden Japanese Forest grass. The bamboo-like foliage has beautiful arching horizontal growth - very elegant. The color is very rich in the fall and makes a nice ground cover. This grass will take some sun and our two varieties do best in part shade or shade. Give them about 24" to grow in all directions.
Grass-Helictotrichon sempervirens Grass-Helictotrichon sempervirens 'Sapphire'	Blue Oat grass. A handsome blue accent plant, Blue Oat is a long-lived grass. A favorite because it holds its form well, and it likes fairly infertile soils. 'Sapphire' grows to 12" and H. sempervirens can reach 24".
Grass-Imperata cylindrica 'Red Baron'	'Red Baron' . Japanese Blood Grass - An unusual rich red foliage graces this plant. They must have winter mulch and lots of moisture. Japanese Blood grass makes an excellent accent and is 18" in height. Can be a spreader in warmer climates.
Grass-Juncus effusus Grass-Juncus effusus 'Spiralis'	common rush Spiral Rush
Grass-Leymus arenarius 'Blue Dune'	Wild Rye 'Blue Dune'
Grass-Koeleria glauca	Blue Hair Grass
Grass-Miscanthus	Maiden Grass - One of the most popular grass genus', Miscanthus is considered the royalty of the grasses. Graceful arching foliage changes color with the seasons. Its showy plumes are excellent for dried flower arrangements in the fall and winter. They are great accents in the water garden as well. Miscanthus range in height from 4-7' and do best in sunny conditions.
Grass-Miscanthus giganteus Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Adagio' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Andante' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Cabaret' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Central Park' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Cosmopolitan' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Emerald Shadow' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Gaa' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Gracillimus' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Graziella' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Huron Sunrise' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Little Kitten' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Little Zebra' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Malepartus' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Morning Light' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Mysterious Maiden' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Purpurascens' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Strictus' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Variegatus' Grass-Miscanthus sinensis 'Zebrinus'	Giant Chinese Silver grass Silver grass 'Adagio' Silver grass 'Andante' Variegated Silver grass 'Cabaret' Silver grass 'Central Park' Silver grass 'Cosmopolitan' Silver Grass 'Emerald Shadow' Silver grass 'Gaa' Maiden grass 'Gracillimus' Silver grass 'Graziella' Silver grass 'Huron Sunrise' Dwarf Maiden grass Dwarf Zebra grass Silver grass 'Malpartus' Silver grass 'Morning Light' Silver grass 'Mysterious Maiden' Flame grass Porcupine grass Variegated Japanese Silver grass Zebra grass

Grass-Muhlenbergia capillaris 'Autumn Blush'	Muhly grass 'Autumn Blush'
Grass-Muhlenbergia lindheimeri 'Texas Pride'	Muhly grass 'Texas Pride'
Grass-Nassella tenuissima	Mexican Feather grass
Grass-Ophiopogon planiscapus 'Nigrescens'	Black Mondo grass. Best used as a ground cover, Mondo grasses can be tender. To help them survive make sure they have mulch in winter. They are only 6" and have lovely dark lavender flowers that contrast nicely with their unusual foliage. They like it a little on the shady side.
Grass-Panicum amarum 'Dewey Blue'	Switch grass 'Dewey Blue'
Grass-Panicum 'Cheyenne Sky'	Switch grass 'Cheyenne Sky'
Grass-Panicum virgatum 'Heavy Metal'	Switch grass 'Heavy Metal'
Grass-Panicum virgatum 'Huron Solstice'	Switch grass 'Huron Solstice'
Grass-Panicum virgatum 'Northwind'	Switch grass 'Northwind'
Grass-Panicum virgatum 'Shenandoah'	Switch grass 'Shenandoah'
Grass-Pennisetum	Fountain Grass - Another favorite among the grasses, Fountain grass is known for its graceful flowing mounds with distinctive foxtail flower form. They are unbeatable in form and are also well used in flower arranging. They prefer a full sun location where they mainly stay shorter in the 12"-36" height range.
Grass-Pennisetum alopecuroides 'Hameln'	Dwarf Fountain grass
Grass-Pennisetum alopecuroides 'Little Bunny'	Variegated Dwarf Fountain Grass
Grass-Pennisetum alopecuroides 'Moudry'	Black Seeded Fountain grass
Grass-Pennisetum alopecuroides 'Piglet'	Dwarf Fountain grass 'Piglet'
Grass-Pennisetum alopecuroides 'Red Head'	Fountain grass 'Red Head'
Grass-Pennisetum orientale 'Karley Rose'	Fountain grass 'Karley Rose'. A 36" fountain grass with wonderful smoky rose flowers in late summer. They like sunshine and well-drained soil.
Grass-Pleioblastus auricomus	Dwarf Yellow-striped Bamboo
Grass-Pleioblastus fortunei 'Variegata'	White Striped Bamboo
Grass-Schizachyrium scoparium	Native Little Blue Stem
Grass-Schizachyrium scoparium 'Prairie Blues'	Little Blue Stem 'Prairie Blues'
Grass-Schizachyrium scoparium 'The Blues'	Little Blue Stem 'The Blues'
Grass-Sisyrinchium angustifolium 'Lucerne'	Blue-eyed grass 'Lucerne'
Grass-Sisyrinchium bermudianum	Blue-eyed grass
Grass-Sorghastrum nutans 'Sioux Blue'	Indian grass 'Sioux Blue'
Grass-Spodiopogon sibiricus	Frost grass
Grass-Sporobolus heterolepis	Prairie Drop Seed
Gypsophila paniculata 'Perfecta'	Baby's Breath- A well-known cut flower and everlasting, Baby's Breath has lovely cascades of tiny flowers in pink or white. They begin blooming in June and often keep blooming until August. They dislike soggy soil and will not last a winter with wet feet. An exciting high point is that they are deer resistant.
Gypsophila paniculata 'Pink Fairy'	
Helenium 'Chelsey'	Sneezeweed 'Chelsey'
Helenium 'Loysder Wieck'	Sneezeweed 'Loysder Wieck'

Helenium 'Mardi Gras'	Sneezeweed 'Mardi Gras'
Helianthemum mutabile Helianthemum nummularium 'Wisely Pink'	Rock Rose- A shorter plant with rosy red blooms during much of the summer, starting in late May. If you prune them early, they will form a dense mat usually growing to about 8-12". They do best in well-drained, sandy loam soil and like sunny, dry slopes. Mulch them in winter for best protection.
Helianthus decapetalus 'Plenus' Helianthus 'First Light' Helianthus 'Lemon Queen' Helianthus salicifolius 'Soleil d'Or'	Sunflower- A sun garden just isn't a garden with out Helianthus. Try these large sun-lovers in the back of the border because they can get tall - 3 to 6"! Their yellow blooms shine from July through September and will attract hummingbirds and butterflies to your neighborhood. They are great for naturalizing and like well-drained soil.
Heliopsis 'Ballerina' Heliopsis helianthoides 'Prairie Sunset' Heliopsis 'Lorraine Sunshine'	False Sunflower- Summer sun, havin' some fun with this refined native. They too do best in sun and well-drained soil. They ring in at 36" and bloom in yellows and oranges. Most bloom from July to September.
Helleborus 'Golden Lotus' Helleborus niger Helleborus orientalis 'Ivory Prince' Helleborus orientalis 'Pink Lady' Helleborus orientalis 'Red Lady' Helleborus 'Regal Ruffles' Helleborus 'Splashdown'	Winter would not be the same without Lenten or Christmas Rose . Hellebores bear wonderful evergreen winter foliage and bloom from March until May when the rest of your perennials are still asleep. They are easy to care for and do best in shade. Their blooms in reds, greens, whites, and pinks rise from 18-24" stems. Hellebores are the 2005 perennial plant of the year.
Hemerocallis 'Baja' Hemerocallis 'Bela Lugosi' Hemerocallis 'Big City Eye' Hemerocallis 'Bold Tiger' Hemerocallis 'Bright Sunset' Hemerocallis 'Buttered Popcorn' Hemerocallis 'Catherine Neal' Hemerocallis 'Ed Murray' Hemerocallis 'Edge of Darkness' Hemerocallis 'El Desperado' Hemerocallis 'Final Touch' Hemerocallis 'Fooled Me' Hemerocallis 'Going Bananas' Hemerocallis 'Happy Returns' Hemerocallis 'Hyperion' Hemerocallis 'Little Grapette' Hemerocallis 'Longfield's Maxim' Hemerocallis 'Love Those Eyes' Hemerocallis 'Mary Todd' Hemerocallis 'Pandora's Box' Hemerocallis 'Pardon Me' Hemerocallis 'Precious D'Oro' Hemerocallis 'Purple D'Oro'	Daylily- There are multiple places in every garden for this profusely blooming family! The trumpet shaped blooms in many different colors are truly an art form. The arching almost grass-like foliage is also a great cover for spring bulbs and is good as an accent. Dwarf types do well in rock gardens. The clumps may be divided in spring or fall every 4 to 6 years. Daylilies are so hard to kill that it may one day become a symbol of the abandoned garden. There is no hardier plant than the daylily, so if you are looking for easy, or are a beginner, this is the plant for you! They are versatile and range in height from less than one foot to over five feet. They tolerate full sun or shade and nearly any soil conditions. Most all bloom starting in July and through August, some will even rebloom. Yippie, they are resistant to disease and insects. Jonker's has an impressive collection of daylilies for you to try.

Hemerocallis 'Spellbinder'		
Hemerocallis 'Stella D'Oro'		
Hemerocallis 'Stella In Red'		
Hepatica acutiloba	Native	Liverleaf- Sharp Leaf and Trilobe Hepatica- Well-known for its dark green foliage and dainty flowers, Hepatica makes a great ground cover. Grown best in a shady location, the May flowers will delight you. They stay short at about 6".
Hepatica americana (triloba)	Native	
Herb - Allium schoenoprasum alba		Onion Chives
Herb - Allium tuberosum		Garlic Chives
Herb - Aloysia triphylla		Lemon Verbena
Herb - Anthemus nobilis		Roman Chamomile
Herb - Artemisia annua		Sweet Annie
Herb - Artemisia dracunculus		French Tarragon
Herb - Calamintha variegata		Showey Catmint
Herb - Foeniculum vulgare 'Rubrum'		Bronze Fennel
Herb - Foeniculum vulgare 'Sweet Florence'		Fennel 'Sweet Florence'
Herb - Hypericum calycinum		St. John's Wort
Herb - Hyssopus officinalis		Blue Hyssop
Herb - Hyssopus officinalis 'Sprite'		Pink Hyssop 'Sprite'
Herb - Lavandula angustifolia 'Blue Cushion'		Lavender 'Blue Cushion'
Herb - Lavandula angustifolia 'Hidcote'		Lavender 'Hidcote'
Herb - Lavandula angustifolia 'Lavance Purple'		Lavender 'Lavance Purple'
Herb - Lavandula angustifolia 'Lavender Lady'		Lavender 'Lavender Lady'
Herb - Lavandula angustifolia 'Munstead'		Lavender 'Munstead'
Herb - Lavandula intermedia 'Grosso'		Fat Spike Lavender
Herb - Levisticum officinale		Lovage
Herb - Marrubium vulgare		Horehound
Herb - Melissa officinalis		Lemon Balm
Herb - Mentha piperita		Peppermint
Herb - Mentha piperita chocolate		Chocolate Mint
Herb - Mentha piperita citrata		Lemon Mint
Herb - Mentha piperita variegata		Variagated Peppermint
Herb - Mentha pulegium		Pennyroyal
Herb - Mentha requienii		Corsican Mint
Herb - Mentha spicata		Spearmint
Herb - Nepata cateria		Catnip
Herb - Origanum 'Hot & Spicy'		Hot & Spicy Oregano
Herb - Origanum majorana		Italian Oregano/Sweet Marjoram
Herb - Origanum rotundifolium 'Kent Beauty'		Kent Beauty Ornamental Oregano
Herb - Origanum vulgare 'Variegata'		Variagated Golden Oregano
Herb - Rosmarinus officinalis		pink flowered Rosemary
Herb - Rosmarinus officinalis 'Arp'		Rosemary 'Arp'
Herb - Rosmarinus officinalis 'Beneden Blue'		Rosemary 'Beneden Blue'
Herb - Rosmarinus officinalis 'Hill Hardy'		Hill Hardy Rosemary
Herb - Rumex acetosa		Sorrel

Herb - Ruta grevelens		Rue
Herb - Salvia elegans		Pineapple Sage
Herb - Salvia officinalis		Garden Sage
Herb - Salvia officinalis 'Aurea'		Variegated Sage
Herb - Salvia officinalis 'Purpurascens'		Purple sage
Herb - Salvia officinalis 'Tri-Color'		Tricolor sage
Herb - Satureja montana		Winter savory
Herb - Teucrium chamaedrys		Germander
Herb - Thymus citriodorus 'Aureus'		Lime Thyme
Herb - Thymus citrodorus		Lemon Thyme
Herb - Thymus 'Elfin' creeping		Creeping Thyme 'Elfin'
Herb - Thymus pseudolanuginosus		Wooly Thyme
Herb - Thymus serpyllum 'Coccineus'		Mother Of Thyme
Herb - Thymus serpyllum 'Magic Carpet'		Creeping Thyme 'Magic carpet'
Herb - Thymus vulgaris		English Winter Thyme
Herniaria glabra		Rupturewort
Herniaria glabra 'Seafoam'		
Hesperis matronalis 'Mix'	native	Sweet Rocket
Heuchera 'Blackout'		<p>Coral Bells- A favorite of the hummingbird and butterfly gardener, Coral Bells is an easy to grow and trouble free plant. Interesting and unique foliages are being developed all of the time! Their blooms are generally in the white, coral, and red range and last for a long time beginning in June. They are almost considered an evergreen and need winter mulch to protect them from the cold. Make sure they have well-drained, moist soil. Most do best in a partial sun situation. Jonker's is proud to grow many varieties of Heuchera, including some of the newest varieties from the Heuchera man himself, Dan Hiems.</p>
Heuchera 'Brownies'		
Heuchera 'Caramel'		
Heuchera 'Citronelle'		
Heuchera 'Firefly'		
Heuchera 'Fireworks'		
Heuchera 'Green Spice'		
Heuchera 'Lime Rickey'		
Heuchera 'Midnight Rose'		
Heuchera 'Miracle'		
Heuchera 'Obsidian'		
Heuchera 'Paris'		
Heucherella 'Kimono'		<p>Foam Flower- A small plant that is considered a mix of Heuchera and Tiarella. Heucherella grows to about 18-24" and has small pink flowers. They are great for hummingbird gardens and bloom early and late in the summer. Look for the first blooms in May and June.</p>
Hibiscus 'Blue River II'		<p>Rose Mallow- Hibiscus is best known for it's large saucer-like flowers. It is also known for its height, most grow to 5'! They tolerate moist soil and require mulch in winter for best success. Their dormancy breaks in late spring and they grow to be almost shrub-like by late summer when they bloom. They are great as a specimen in the border. Make sure they have lots of sun. Colors vary from white to pink to reds, and multi-tones.</p> <p>'Fantasia' - Looking for new dinner plates? Try this 'Fantasia' a shorter variety at only 24-36" but bears unusual lavender flowers</p>
Hibiscus Crown Jewels'		
Hibiscus 'Disco White'		
Hibiscus 'Fireball'		
Hibiscus 'Jazzberry Jam'		
Hibiscus 'Kopper King'		
Hibiscus 'Lord Baltimore'		

<p>Hibiscus 'Old Yella' Hibiscus 'Pink Elephant' Hibiscus 'Plum Crazy' Hibiscus 'Robert Flemming' Hibiscus 'Summer Storm' Hibiscus 'Turn of the Century'</p>		<p>shorter variety at only 24" - but bears unusual lavender flowers, for a Hibiscus. 'Kopper King' - Flowers measure 12" across, this is a beauty to behold. Foliage is copper in color and the leaves are shaped like maple. It has white flowers on 36-48" stems and blooms starting in July.</p>
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<p>Hosta 'Abiqua Drinking Gourd' Hosta 'Antioch' Hosta 'Aphrodite' Hosta 'August Moon' Hosta 'Aureo Marginata' Hosta 'Big Daddy' Hosta 'Blue Angel' Hosta 'Blue Ivory' Hosta 'Blue Mouse Ears' Hosta 'Blue Umbrellas' Hosta 'Dance With Me' Hosta 'Dark Shadows' Hosta 'Deja Blue' Hosta 'Diana Remembered' Hosta 'Dream Queen' Hosta 'Dream Weaver' Hosta 'Earth Angel' Hosta 'El Nino' Hosta 'Elegans' Hosta 'Eye Declare' Hosta 'Fire Island' Hosta 'Forest Fire' Hosta 'Francee' Hosta 'Ginco Graig' Hosta 'Gold Standard' Hosta 'Golden Tiarra' Hosta grandiflora Hosta 'Guacamole' Hosta 'Hadspen Blue' Hosta 'Halcyon' Hosta 'Heavenly Tiarra' Hosta 'High Society' Hosta 'Holy Mole' Hosta 'Independence' Hosta 'Ivory Coast' Hosta 'Journey's End' Hosta 'June' Hosta 'June Fever' Hosta 'Key West'</p>		<p>see separate 'Hosta' list for details</p>
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Hosta 'Krossa Regal'		
Hosta 'Little Sunspot'		
Hosta mini collection- 4 varieties		
Hosta 'Minuteman'		
Hosta 'Morning Light'		
Hosta 'Northern Exposure'		
Hosta 'On Stage'		
Hosta 'Orange Marmalade'		
Hosta 'Pandora's Box'		
Hosta 'Patriot'		
Hosta 'Patriot Fire'		
Hosta 'Paul's Glory'		
Hosta 'Peanut'		
Hosta 'Pineapple Upsidedown Cake'		
Hosta 'Rainforest Sunrise'		
Hosta 'Red October'		
Hosta 'Regal Splendor'		
Hosta 'Remember Me'		
Hosta 'Revolution'		
Hosta 'Royal Standard'		
Hosta 'Sagae'		
Hosta 'Saint Paul'		
Hosta 'Satisfaction'		
Hosta 'Silver Threads & Golden Needles'		
Hosta 'Stained Glass'		
Hosta 'Sum and Substance'		
Hosta 'Sum Of All'		
Hosta 'Sun Power'		
Hosta 'T. Rex'		
Hosta 'Teaspoon'		
Hosta 'Twilight'		
Hosta 'Wide Brim'		
Hosta 'Zounds'		
Houttuynia cordata 'Variegata'		Chameleon Plant
Hydrangea anomala 'Petiolaris'	Vine	Climbing Hydrangea
Hypericum androsaemum 'Albury Purple'		St. John's Wort 'Albury Purple'
Iberis sempervirens 'Purity'		Candytuft- The star of the rock garden, Candytuft is an evergreen. For nicest growth it is best to shear them after they are done flowering in April and May. They are a great contrast with spring bulbs in their bright white and lilac tones. An old time favorite, Candytuft grows to only 6-10" and makes an excellent ground cover in a sunny spot.
Iberis 'Snowflake'		
Incarvillea delavay		Hardy Gloxinia- A showy plant when it is in bloom in May and June, Incarvillea is a delight. The blooms are in rich tones of white and rose. Make sure they have sunshine and winter mulch for best success. Our two varieties grow to 18-20".
Incarvillea delavayi 'Snowtops'		

Inula ensifolia		Horseheal - Looking for a low maintenance, carefree plant? The yellow daisy-like flowers on 24" stems are great in early summer bouquets.
Iris cristata Iris cristata 'Alba'		Crested Iris-blue Crested Iris-white
Iris dwarf 'Fireplace Embers' Iris dwarf 'Smart' Iris dwarf 'What Again'		
Iris ensata 'Mt. Fuji'		Japanese Iris
Iris germanica 'Batik' Iris germanica 'Beverly Sills' Iris germanica 'Savannah Sunset' Iris germanica 'Swingtown'		Bearded Iris
Iris hybrid 'Immortality'		A reblooming variety once in June and again in the fall. Hard to beat for beauty and care.
Iris louisiana 'Anne Chowning' Iris louisiana 'DeltaStar'		Louisiana Iris
Iris pallida 'Albo Variegata' Iris pallida 'Aurea Variegata'		
Iris pseudacorus 'Variegata'		Variegated Yellow Flag
Iris siberica 'Butter and Sugar' Iris siberica 'Ruffled Velvet' Iris siberica 'Snow Queen'		Siberian Iris
Jasione laevis perennis		Shepherd's Scabiosa - A newer variety to Jonker's, Jasione likes the sun and has sky blue flowers in July and August. The best location is a moderately fertile, well-drained, sandy soil. They grow to 16".
Kalimeris		False Aster or Japanese Aster. A great cut flower with small semi-double daisy white flowers. This variety is about 24-36" and begins blooming in summer
Kirengeshoma koreana Kirengeshoma palmata		Yellow Wax Bells - A favorite of the Jonker's Garden staff. An interesting and dramatic plant for the shade. It likes a moist woody soil and grows to 48" tall. Companion plants include blue hosta and tall ferns. This plant has soft yellow flowers that dangle above the foliage and finally open in August and September.
Knautia macedonica 'Mars Midget' Knautia macedonica 'Melton Pastels'		Scabiosa - Charming dark purple flowers in late spring or mid summer. Keep them in a sunny spot and they will grow to 18" or more.
Kniphofia hybrid 'Nancy's Red' Kniphofia uvaria tritoma 'Early Hybrids'		Red Hot Poker - Amazing reddish orange 36" spikes on gladiolus-like leaves. They need winter mulch and good winter drainage. Their bloom starts in early summer and lasts through July.
Lavatera thuringiaca		Tree Mallow - A very easy to grow semi-shrub perennial. They are unsurpassed for porcelain-like blossoms in white, pink, and purple. They are a great addition to the perennial border and benefit from winter mulch. They do well in average soil, but for better or worse,

		they reseed.
Leontopodium alpinum		Edelweiss - A sweet alpine plant that thrives in dry soil and sun. Growing to only 10" Edelweiss has white flowers in June and July. They need good drainage, especially in winter.
Leucanthemum 'Aglaya' Leucanthemum 'Becky' Leucanthemum 'May Queen' Leucanthemum 'Snow Cap'		Shasta Daisy - A garden favorite for many years, the Shasta Daisy reminds us of the sunshine. They make an excellent cut flower, and this trimming promotes reblooming. It is best to divide them every other year so they maintain their vigor. The blooms are white with yellow centers, some are doubles and come in all sizes from 24" to 36". They will flower all summer in full sun, some even claim theirs do well in partial shade. They do best in a well-drained soil. Look for ' Becky ' - Perennial Plant of the Year for 2003.
Lewisia 'Little Plum' Lewisia 'Special Mix'		Bitter Root 'Little Plum' Bitter Root 'Special Mix'
Liatis spicata Liatis spicata 'Alba' Liatis spicata 'Kobold'		Blazing Star - Perfect for the hummingbird and butterfly garden, Liatis is a pleasant vertical accent. Their flowers are great for cutting and drying and last a long time because they bloom from the top down. Flower colors range from white to rose to lavender and last from July through fall. They grow to 24" or taller. Liatis likes sun and well-drained soil, especially in winter.
Ligularia dentata 'Desdemona' Ligularia dentata 'Othello' Ligularia 'Little Rocket' Ligularia 'Osiris Fantaisie' Ligularia palmatiloba Ligularia 'The Rocket'		Leopard Plant - A superb bold plant with interesting foliage for the bog garden or the shady border. Ligularia are tall plants, some varieties grow to 72" or more, while others grow to about 48". Their orangy yellow flowers are present in July and August. They require moist soil and mostly shade.
Lilium asiatic 'Mount Dragon' Lilium asiatic 'Mount Duckling' Lilium asiatic 'Tango Black Spider' Lilium asiatic 'Tango Dot Com' Lilium asiatic 'Tango Orange Art' Lilium asiatic 'Tango Tiger Play' Lilium asiatic 'Fata Morgana' Lilium asiatic 'Landinni'		Hybrid Lily or Asiatic Lily - A garden without lilies is difficult to imagine. They add wonderful height and flowers to the perennial border. Many may require staking and the clumps get larger every year. The blooms occur at various times in summer in a wide range of colors, many are fragrant. Remove the spent flowers and allow foliage to die back before removing stems.
Lilium oriental 'Casa Blanca' Lilium oriental 'Dizzy' Lilium oriental 'Garden Party' Lilium oriental 'After Eight' Lilium oriental 'Sunny Sulawesi'		Oriental Lily - A fragrant, long lasting in the late summer garden. A must have for the cut flower garden.
Lilium OxT 'Albany' Lilium OxT 'Red Dutch' Lilium OxT 'Robina'		
Limonium latifolium Limonium tataricum		

		grow to 18" and may require staking. The leaves lie flat to the ground. They thrive in full sun with good drainage.
Linaria alpina Linaria purpurea 'Canon V. Want'		Toad Flax- Linaria is a long blooming plant that is great in the rock garden. These easy to grow plants will do well in most any soil. Their flowers in violets and pink last from May through July.
Linum perenne nanum 'Sapphire'		Flax- The airy flowers of flax dance in the summer breezes and remind us how sweet life can be. To prolong their blooms make sure to deadhead, as flowers last only one day. Not to worry, each plant produces many, many small blue, yellow, or white blooms to last from May until July. The plants grow 18-24" and require winter mulch.
Lithodora diffusa 'Grace Ward'		Shooting Star. A horizontally growing evergreen shrublet that we are excited to have as an addition to our garden. They do well and look good under Rhododendrons. They have blue flowers beginning in spring and grow to only 6-12". Make sure they have good, well-drained soil.
Lobelia cardinalis Lobelia fulgens 'Queen Victoria' Lobelia speciosa 'Fan Blue' Lobelia speciosa 'Fan Burgundy' Lobelia speciosa 'Fan Deep Pink' Lobelia compliment 'Deep Red'		Cardinal Flower- Hummingbirds will be flocking to your garden if you grow Lobelia. This variety has red flowers arranged on tall spikes over wonderful bronzy foliage. The plants grow to be between 30-48" and flower in July through the end of summer. They are tolerant of moist soil and partial sun.
Lonicera 'Dropmore Scarlet' Lonicera 'Gold Flame' Lonicera 'Late Dutch' Lonicera 'Mandarin'	Vine Vine Vine Vine	Dropmore Honeysuckle Goldflame Honeysuckle Late Dutch Honeysuckle Mandarin Honeysuckle
Lotus corniculatus 'Pleniflorus'	Native	Bird's Foot trefoil
Lunaria	Native	Money Plant. Lunaria is a biennial best known for its flat seedpods that are used in floral arrangements. Plant Lunaria in sun and wait for lavender flowers in May and June.
Lupinus 'My Castle' Lupinus polyphyllus 'Gallery Blue' Lupinus polyphyllus 'Gallery Pink' Lupinus polyphyllus 'Gallery Red' Lupinus 'Popsicle Blue' Lupinus 'Popsicle Red' Lupinus 'The Governor'		Lupine- Visions of gorgeous meadows come to mind when we think of Lupines. Their bright colors are a warm greeting in early summer. They look good in the border and tolerate sun or partial shade. Make sure the ground is moist and cool. The plants will grow to 36" or more.
Lychnis chalcedonica Lychnis coronaria Lychnis 'Fire' Lychnis 'Molten Lava'		Rose Campion- Lychnis flowers are intensely colored in reds, magentas, and pinks. They contrast against the furry silver foliage and add drama. Much of the drama is because they are easy to grow and they self-seed. Lychnis prefers well-drained, fertile soil.
Lysimachia 'Beaujolais' Lysimachia clethroides Lysimachia punctata 'Alexander'		Loosestrife- Lysimachia is a must have for the hummingbird and butterfly garden. They have spike-like flowers in whites and yellows. Growing to about 24-36" they do best in moist, well-

N Trillium luteum	Native	Yellow Trillium
N Trillium recurvatum	Native	Prairie Trillium
Nepeta 'Kit Cat' Nepeta 'Blue Wonder' Nepeta 'Six Hills Giant' Nepeta 'Walker's Low'		Catmint- Your cats will love you, so will hummingbirds and butterflies. Blooming in early summer with fresh lavender flowers, you can cut back a third of the way for rebloom later in summer. They are a great blue accent and do well in sandy well-drained soil.
Oenothera kunthiana 'Glowing Magenta' Oenothera missouriensis Oenothera 'Siskiyou'		Evening Primrose- Charming in the evening garden, this flower bears yellow, white or pink flowers. They bloom in early summer and grow to about 24", but many times that is horizontal growth. This makes it a good candidate for ground covers. They tolerate drought, but need mulch in winter. Make sure they don't stay too wet.
Ornithogalum umbellatum	Native	Star Of Bethlehem. A wildflower that requires lots of shade. They bloom in June and July bearing white flowers. This perennial is a fast spreader and is good for naturalizing.
Othonna capensis		Little Pickles
Oxalis rosea		Clover
Paeonia 'Avalanche' Paeonia 'Benjamin Franklin' Paeonia 'Bowl Of Beauty' Paeonia 'Buckeye Bell' Paeonia 'Dr. Alexander Fleming' Paeonia 'Dutchess DeNemours' Paeonia 'Edulus Superba' Paeonia 'Felix Crousse' Paeonia 'Festiva Maxima' Paeonia 'Kansas' Paeonia 'Karl Rosenfield' Paeonia 'Pink Hawaiian Coral' Paeonia 'Sarah Bernhardt' Paeonia 'Shirley Temple' Paeonia 'Sorbet'		Felix Crousse-Beautiful double rose blooms. Festiva Maxima-Double white flowers for your evening garden. Sarah Bernhardt-Double rose blossoms with wonderful fragrance.
Paeonia suffruticosa Paeonia suffruticosa 'Hoki' Paeonia suffruticosa 'Kamatanishiki' Paeonia suffruticosa 'Kaoukamon' Paeonia suffruticosa 'Kinkaku' Paeonia suffruticosa '-Sabohime' Paeonia suffruticosa 'Shimanishiki' Paeonia suffruticosa 'Yagumo'		Tree Peonies- is great as a focal point in the garden. They bloom earlier in May and grow quite tall - from 36" on up depending on the variety. Look for varieties in whites, yellows, pinks, and reds Sweet 17 - dark red Kamata Tapestries - wisteria blue Maroon Golden Temple of Nara - yellow edged in bright orange Princess Saho - white with pale reddish-purple eyezone Fire Flame - two-tone rose red/white Wine Purple
Paeonia tenuifolia 'Rubra-Flora-Plena'		fern leaf
Papaver commutatum 'Lady Bird'		Oriental Poppy- Create excitement in your June garden with

<p>Papaver orientale 'Allegro'</p> <p>Papaver orientale 'Beauty Of Livermere'</p> <p>Papaver orientale 'Brilliant'</p> <p>Papaver orientale 'Prince Of Orange'</p> <p>Papaver orientale 'Royal Qedding'</p> <p>Papaver orientale 'Turkenlouis'</p>		<p>Poppies. Papaver is the Latin name for Poppy. The common name was derived from popig, which was an Anglo-Saxon term for sleep. This refers to the use of seeds from certain species to make a drink to induce sleepiness. The outstanding blossoms are almost like tissue paper. The foliage goes dormant after blooming, so it is best to plant in groupings with plants such as Baby's Breath that will hide the dying foliage. Plant them in a sunny spot with well-drained soil and mulch in the winter. Poppies range in height from 24" to 36". Their colors are glowing in whites, pinks, salmons, and reds.</p>
<p>Pardancanda norrisii</p> <p>Pardancanda 'Sangria'</p>		<p>Candy Lily</p> <p>Candy Lily</p>
<p>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</p> <p>Parthenocissus tricuspidata</p> <p>Parthenocissus tricuspidata 'Fenway'</p>	<p>Vine</p> <p>Vine</p> <p>Vine</p>	<p>Virginia creeper</p> <p>Boston Ivy</p> <p>Boston Ivy 'Fenway'</p>
<p>Penstemon 'Dark Towers'</p> <p>Penstemon digitalis 'Husker Red'</p> <p>Penstemon 'Elfin Pink'</p> <p>Penstemon 'Firebird'</p> <p>Penstemon 'Pinacolada Violet'</p>		<p>Beard Tongue- Penstemon is a favorite of the hummingbird and butterfly gardener. They have bright tubular flowers in shades of white, pink, and red. They are good in borders and for naturalizing. Our varieties are drought tolerant and do not like wet feet. Make sure to mulch in winter. Penstemons range in height from 8" to 30" depending on the variety. All flower in early summer. Be sure to check out the rich maroon foliage and large flowers of P. 'Husker Red', the 1996 Perennial Plant of the Year.</p>
<p>Penstemon mexicale 'Red Rocks'</p> <p>Penstemon mexicale 'Pike's Peak Purple'</p> <p>Penstemon mexicale 'Shadow Mountain'</p>		<p>Red Rocks' - Lovely rose flowers that thrive in a wide range of sites and soils. They grow to 12" and begin flowering in summer for two or three months. They look great with Lamium 'White Nancy' for a nice contrast.</p>
<p>Perovskia atriplicifolia</p> <p>Perovskia atriplicifolia 'Longin'</p> <p>Pervoskia atriplicifolia 'Little Spire'</p>		<p>Russian Sage- The beautiful silver foliage of Russian Sage is fragrant and deer resistant! These guys look great with grasses in the late summer garden, casting their blue flowers from July until September. They grow to about 36" or more. Cut them back in spring for best results. Russian Sage was the 1995 Perennial Plant of the Year.</p>
<p>Persicaria filiformis 'Brushstrokes'</p> <p>Persicaria filiformis 'Variegatus'</p> <p>Persicaria 'Red Dragon'</p> <p>Persicaria 'Fire Tail'</p>		<p>Giant Fleece Flower- An excellent summer blooming cut flower. They have interesting varied foliage with white or red blooms. They do well in moist soil and make a fine accent near ponds and streams.</p>
<p>Petasites japonicus 'Variegata'</p> <p>Petasites x hybridus purpurea</p>		<p>Variegated Butterbur</p> <p>Purple Leaved Butterbur</p>
<p>Petrorhagia saxifraga</p> <p>Petrothagia saxifraga 'Rosette'</p>		<p>Tunic Flower- A nice plant for your rock garden with dark pink flowers in July through September. They grow to 10" in sunshine</p>

		and well-drained soil.
Phlomis tuberosa 'Amazone'		Jerusalem Sage
Phlox maculata 'Natascha'		<p>Phlox- The backbone of the perennial garden, Phlox thrives in rich, well-drained soil. They provide height and food for hummingbirds and butterflies. Avoid getting the foliage of Phlox wet (that means minimal overhead watering), as this will increase your chances for disease, and especially powdery mildew. Phloxes range from the tall to the short, ground cover types. The flowers are in shades of white, pink, lavender, salmon, and rose. Jonker's grows many varieties of Phlox, you are sure to find a few for your garden.</p> <p>Paniculata - These are the taller upright phlox varieties that grow from 24-40". They like full sun and bloom in later summer.</p> <p>David - Perennial plant of the year for 2002.</p>
Phlox paniculata 'Bright Eyes'		
Phlox paniculata 'David'		
Phlox paniculata 'David's Lavender'		
Phlox paniculata 'Flamingo'		
Phlox paniculata 'Laura'		
Phlox paniculata 'Little Boy'		
Phlox paniculata 'Nicky'		
Phlox paniculata 'Orange Perfection'		
Phlox paniculata 'Pixie Miracle Grace'		
Phlox paniculata 'Pixie Twinkle'		
Phlox paniculata 'Red Magic'		
Phlox paniculata 'Red Riding Hood'		
Phlox paniculata 'Red Super'		
Phlox paniculata 'Spinners'		
Physalis alkekengi		Chinese Lantern- Popular for their decorative orange-red seedpods, Physalis makes a nice everlasting. The orange flowers are actually insignificant and bloom in August. The plants grow to 24" in full sun.
Physostegia virginiana 'Miss Manners'		Obedient Plant- The showy spike flowers of Physostegia shine in shades of pink and white. They grow tall to 36" and may need staking if they get floppy. They tend to be shorter in dry soil and taller in wet soil. Their blooms start in July and last for much of the summer. They are best in informal gardens where they can spread.
Physostegia virginiana 'Vivid'		
Platycodon 'Astra Double Blue'		Balloon Flowers- The easy to grow Balloon Flower is late to emerge in spring. They have round flower buds that "pop" open to star shaped blooms. Keeps very well as a cut flower if the stems are seared with a flame before placed in water. They do best in well-drained soil and with sun or part sun. Platycodon blooms in white and many shades of purple. Our varieties range in height from 12" to 24".
Platycodon 'Astra Pink'		
Platycodon grandiflorus 'Double Blue'		
Platycodon grandiflorus 'Double White'		
Platycodon grandiflorus 'Fuji Series Pink'		
Platycodon grandiflorus 'Sentimental Blue'		
Platycodon grandiflorus mariesii		
Polemonium 'Heavenly Habit'		Jacob's Ladder- This plant has a blue flower in May and June when there are few other blues in flower. For this reason it is a nice companion to bulbs. Shear the plants after flowering and they will likely bloom again. The plants grow to 18-24" and really do need more shade than sun.
Polemonium caeruleum 'Snow & Sapphires'		
Polemonium reptans 'Stairway To Heaven'		
Polemonium reptans 'Touch of Class'		
		P. boreale 'Heavenly Habit' - Glossier leaves than most with large blue flowers in early summer. They are small at only 10" and have a more upright habit.
Polygonatum odoratum 'Variegatum'		Solomon's Seal
Polygonum aubertii	Vine	Silverfleece Vine
Potentilla 'Melton Fire'		Cinquefoil- A ground cover that stands up well under harsh

Potentilla 'Miss Wilmont' Potentilla thurberi 'Monarch's Velvet' Potentilla 'William Rollisson'		conditions. They have evergreen winter foliage and cheerful gold, red, or apricot flowers. Make sure they have lots of sun and they will bloom almost all summer starting in June. Plants grow to about 15".
Primula Pacific Hybrids Mix		Primrose- A favorite of the spring gardener, Primrose can be a collector's item. Partial shade is imperative for success along with cool, moist soil with lots of organic material. A summer mulch and deep watering during dry periods is essential. The flowers are in all colors of the rainbow from white, yellow, all pinks, red, blue, and purple. They grow to 12" or more.
Pulmonaris saccharata 'Mrs. Moon' Pulmonaris saccharata 'Silverado'		Lungwort- Use as a single specimen or in mass to create a ground cover effect. The distinctive spots on the leaves make this plant valuable even after blooming in spring. Plant along with spring bulbs for joint blooming. They are tolerant of most soil. Pulmonaria blooms in May and June. Growing to 12" the flowers range from pinks to blues to white. They create a lot of interest in the shade and are still uncommon in most gardens.
Pyrethrum 'Robinson's Dark Crimson' Pyrethrum 'Robinson's Mix' Pyrethrum 'James Kelway'		Painted Daisy
Ratibia columnifera 'Red' Ratibia columnifera 'Yellow'		Prairie Coneflower-Mexican Hat Prairie Coneflower-Mexican Hat
Rhubarb Valentine		edible rhubarb
Rodgersia pinnata 'Chocolate Wings' Rodgersia pinnata elegans Rodgersia pinnata superba		Rodger's Flower- Best known for its distinctive leaves that resemble Horse Chestnuts. They work well as a specimen or in the border. They require moist soil making them ideal for planting along ponds or streams. The foliage grows to 36" and the July flowers are red or pink. Make sure they are planted in a shady spot.
Roscoea purpurea	Native	Hardy Orchids
Rudbeckia 'Early Bird' Rudbeckia fulgida Rudbeckia fulgida 'Goldsturm' Rudbeckia 'Goldilocks' Rudbeckia 'Green Wizard' Rudbeckia laciniata 'Goldquelle' Rudbeckia maxima Rudbeckia nitida 'Herbstsonne' Rudbeckia 'Prairie Sun' Rudbeckia subtomentosa 'Henri Eilers' Rudbeckia 'Viette's Little Suzy'		Black Eyed Susan- A garden favorite with cheerful yellow flowers in late summer. The flowers, in all shades of yellow, may also have double blossoms. To prolong blooming, deadhead them. You can even trim back in early summer to stagger bloom times. They are very easy to grow in full sun, heights range from 14" up to 42". Make sure the soil is well-drained and make note they are deer resistant. Jonker's grows over a dozen varieties to add sunshine to your garden. R. 'Goldstrum' - 1999 Perennial Plant of the Year. The most common Black-Eyed-Susan, it makes an excellent cut flower.
Salvia 'Eveline'		Meadow Sage- Hummingbirds and butterflies love Salvia. They

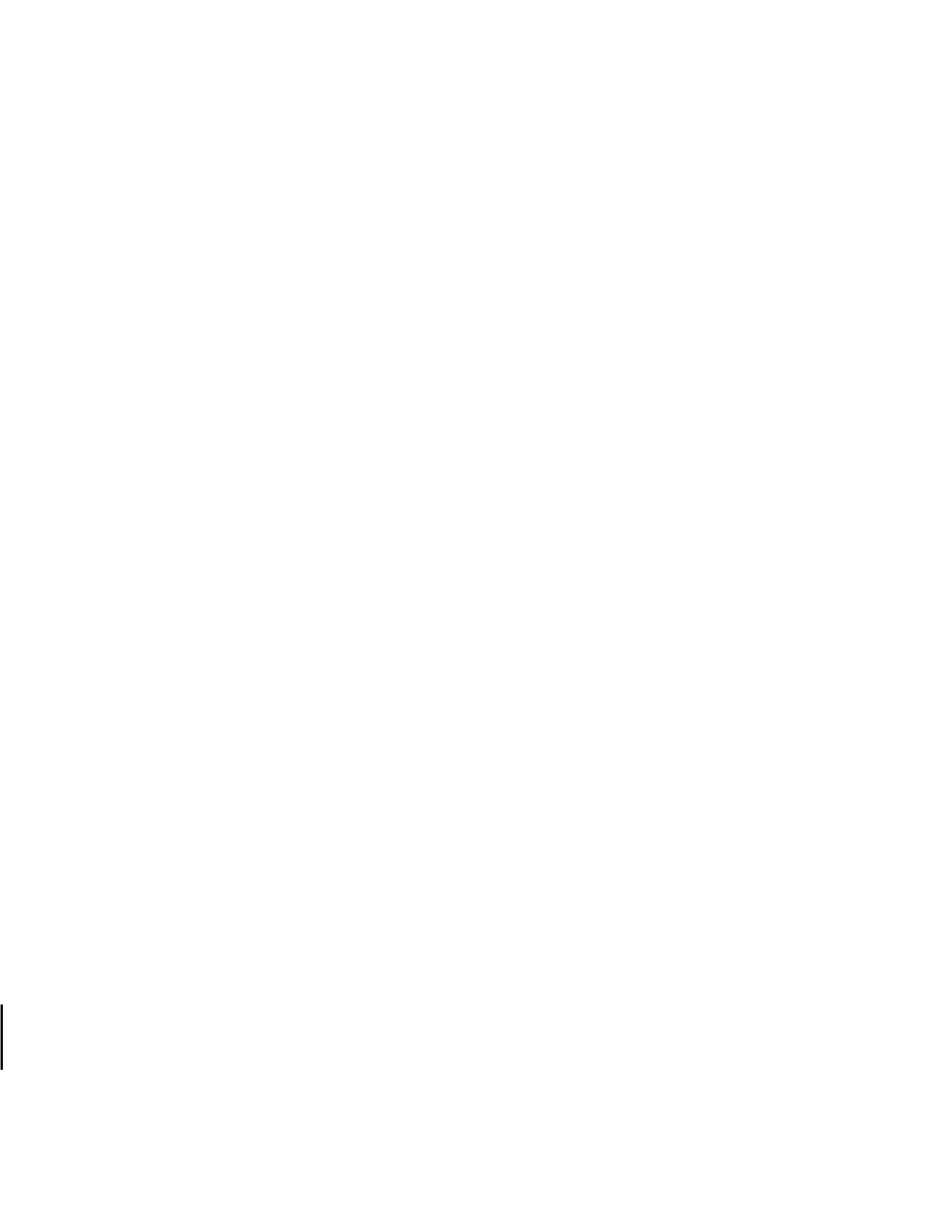
Salvia greggii 'Furman's Red' Salvia nemorosa 'Cardonna' Salvia nemorosa 'Plumosa' Salvia nemorosa 'Royal Distinction' Salvia nemorosa 'Schneehugel' Salvia pratensis 'Rhapsody in Blue' Salvia superba 'East Friesland' Salvia superba 'May Night'		are a fun plant to have in the garden because they are easy to grow and are not picky! To prolong the bloom time deadhead them. They are tolerant of drought and indispensable in the border. The flowers are in lavenders and purples blooming in July and August. S. 'May Night' was the 1997 Perennial Plant of the Year, it has indigo blue flowers.
Sanguisorba obtusa		Japanese Burnett
Santolina chamaecyparissus ssp. Tomentosa		Lavender Cotton- The silvery foliage of Santolina makes it ideal for a short hedge, they grow to 18". The foliage is evergreen and it is best to cut it back after flowering to keep the plant compact. Ordinary well-drained soil is best for success. The yellow flowers are present in August and September.
Saponaria ocymoides		Rock Soapwort- The small single pink flowers are quaint in May and June. Plant them in well-drained soil and consider cutting back after blooming. The plants will stay small, only growing to 6". They are deer resistant.
Saxifraga 'Carpet Pink' Saxifraga 'Purple Robe' Saxifraga 'Spring Snow'		Rock Foil - A compact growing ground cover that works well in the rock garden. Their flowers are rosettes that resemble those of the strawberry in mixed colors. Their foliage is semi-evergreen. Look for Saxifraga to grow only to 6" and for flowers to appear in April and May.
Scabiosa columbaria 'Butterfly Blue' Scabiosa columbaria 'Pink Mist' Scabiosa House Hybrids Scabiosa japonica alpina 'Ritz Blue'		Pincushion Flower- Scabiosa has been gaining popularity among gardeners. Their flowers are great for cutting and they grow in nice little clumps. The cutting also encourages more blooming. Their flowers are in shades of pink and lavender. They like fertile soil and mulch in summer. The plants grow to 24" including the flower stem. They bloom from July until the end of September and are attractive to hummingbirds and butterflies. Scabiosa 'Butterfly Blue' was the Perennial Plant of the Year in 2000.
Schizophragma hydraginoides 'Moonlight' Schizophragma hydrangeoides 'Rosea'	Vine Vine	Japanese Hydrangea Pink Japanese Hydrangea
Sedum acre Sedum 'Autumn Charm' Sedum 'Autumn Delight' Sedum 'Autumn Fire' Sedum caucicola Sedum 'Hot Stuff' Sedum hybrid 'Purple Emperor' Sedum 'Maestro' Sedum 'Postman's Pride' Sedum 'Red Cauli' Sedum 'Rosy Glow'		Stonecrop- Everyone loves Sedum! This low maintenance, easy to grow perennial loves the sun. They are tolerant of drought and even poor soil. The foliage is semi-evergreen and makes a nice ground cover. They are wonderful wandering among stones in the garden. Sedum are deer resistant and the flowers pinkish reds to yellows and even white are present in late summer and fall. Some Sedums are tall like S. 'Autumn Joy' at 24" and some are short like S. spathifolium 'Purpureum' at only 4". Jonker's grows over a dozen varieties of Sedums, there is sure to be one for you.

Sedum rupestre 'Angelina' Sedum spectabile 'Autumn Joy' Sedum spurium 'Tricolor' Sedum 'Sunkissed' Sedum 'Sunset Cloud' Sedum telephium 'Bon Bon' Sedum 'Vera Jameson' Sedum 'Voodoo' Sedum 'Xenox'		
Sempervivum 'Braunii' Sempervivum 'Cobweb' Sempervivum 'Pilioseum' Sempervivum 'Red Beauty'		Hens and Chicks- Jonker's grows assorted species and varieties of Sempervivum. Their flowers are pink and they grow to 4". Hens and Chicks like moderately fertile to poor soil with excellent drainage.
Sidalcea hybrid 'Little Princess' Sidalcea 'Party Girl'		Miniature Hollyhock- A pest and disease free perennial Sidalcea is also long blooming. Their blooms are pink to carmine in color brightening up the garden as a vertical accent. Deadhead to prolong blooming and keep moist in summer. The flowers last for a long time, starting in June and lasting until the kids go back to school in August. Their stems are 36".
Silene 'Clifford Moor' Silene 'Druetts Variegata' Silene x robotii 'Rolley's Favourite'		Campion- A great plant for a sunny spot in the rock garden, Silene has rosy pink flowers. They grow to only 6" and bloom in June and July.
Solidago 'Crown Of Rays' Solidago 'Golden Baby' Solidago 'Little Lemon'		Golden Rod- Golden yellow flowers atop 24" vertical stems. They bloom in late summer, deadhead when they are done flowering to control seeding. Best in the meadow garden.
Stachys 'Big Ears' Stachys byzantina 'Silver Carpet' Stachys 'Hummelo'		Lamb's Ears- Soft silvery foliage is the defining characteristic of Stachys. They need well-drained soil and lots of sun. A good plant for edging, Stachys is also deer resistant.
Stokesia laevis 'Honeysong Purple' Stokesia laevis 'Klaus Jelitto' Stokesia 'Purple Parasols'		Stoke's Aster- Best in groups of three, Stoke's Aster is a long blooming perennial. The aster bears flowers in blues; even yellow and white varieties exist. Lasting from July until September, the flowers grow on 18-24" stems. They need well-drained soil and winter mulch for best success. S. laevis 'Honeysong Purple' - Purple blooms light up the summer, this variety is rapid growing and reaches 12-14".
Stylophorum diphyllum	Native	Wild Wood poppy- Wild Poppy has yellow blossoms in May and June. The plants are quite small at 6" and are very sensitive to direct sun. For best results plant them in moist, moderately fertile soil in partial to deep shade.
Tanacetum coccineum 'Robinson's Hybrid'		Painted Daisy
Thalictrum actaeifolium 'Perfume Star' Thalictrum aquilegifolium 'Album' Thalictrum 'Black Stockings'		Meadow Rue- A much underused perennial, Thalictrum is tolerant of moist soil and is easy to grow. They have wispy flowers in soft pinks and violets that float above beautiful blue-gray foliage.

Thalictrum delevayi 'Splendide' Thalictrum 'Lavender Mist'		They make a good dried flower or cut flower for bouquets much of the summer. Thalictrum is quite tall, some varieties can grow to 5'. We grow several varieties to delight your garden. Wow! They are deer resistant!
Thermopsis montana Thermopsis 'Sophia'		Bush Pea Bush Pea 'Sophia'
Tiarella 'Crow Feathers'		Foam Flower- An excellent small plant or ground cover for the shade garden. Tiarella reaches about 10-12" and has small flowers in whites and pink in May and June. They perform best when placed in a cool moist site much like a woodland garden. Cut the flowers for bouquets or everlastings.
Tradescantia andersoniana 'Satin Doll' Tradescantia andersoniana 'Valour'		Spiderwort or Job's Tears- Cut Tradescantia back in July for reblooming later in the summer. They are tolerant of most any condition and will spread to create a nice ground cover. The flowers in pink, lilac, or purple bloom first in early June. The plants grow to 18-20" and like full to partial sun.
Tricyrtis 'Empress' Tricyrtis formosana 'Dark Beauty' Tricyrtis formosana 'Gilt Edge' Tricyrtis 'Golden Leopard' Tricyrtis h. 'Miyazaki Hybrid' Tricyrtis 'Tapei Silk' Tricyrtis 'Blue Wonder'		Toad Lily- Tricyrtis should be planted where it can be seen and enjoyed. The unusual flowers have much detail in colors of white, pink and purple. They do best in moist, rich soil in a part shade to shade location. The flowers are present in August and September.
Trillium luteum	Native	Yellow Trillium. No woodland garden is complete without Trillium, a wildflower favorite. Trillium bears flowers in white, pink, or red that bloom in May. The Trillium ranges in height from 8" to 20" depending on the variety. Delicate Trillium does best in moist, well-drained humus rich soil.
Trollius 'Earliest Of All' Trollius ledebouri 'Golden Queen' Trollius 'Orange Princess'		Globe Flower- Trollius flowers have many petaled cup-shaped golden yellow blooms. They bloom in May and June on 24" plants. They may rebloom if the conditions are right. This is exciting because the flowers are very long lasting as a cut flower. They need rich moist soil and this makes them great for along streams and ponds.
Verbena canadensis 'Homsted Purple'		The Hardy Verbena is an excellent plant for attracting butterflies and hummingbirds. The purple or pink flowers bloom all summer from May until September. They grow nicely as a ground cover.
Veronica 'Baby Doll' Veronica 'Fairytale' Veronica longifolia 'Eveline' Veronica prostrata 'Waterperry Blue'		Speedwell- Veronica is a large family of useful low maintenance plants. They have tapering flower spikes that need to be deadheaded to promote a rebloom. Some are dwarf and trailing, others are tall and upright. They work well in rock gardens and in rock walls. Butterflies and hummingbirds love them. Their foliage is deer resistant. Flowers of most Veronica are present in June through August. They range from white to pink to shades of blue.

Veronica prostrata 'Aztec Gold' Veronica prostrata 'Georgia Blue' Veronica 'Purpleicious' Veronica spicata 'PinkPanther' Veronica spicata 'Red Fox' Veronica spicata 'Royal Candles' Veronica 'Tickled Pink'		through August. They range from white to pink to shades of blue and like full sun. We have many varieties to bloom and grow in your garden.
Veronicastrum virginicum 'Apollo' Veronicastrum 'Erica'		Culver's Root 'Apollo' Culver's Root 'Erica'
Viola 'Etain' Viola 'Purple Showers' Viola 'Rebecca'		Fragrant Violet- A distinctive flower with a notable fragrance. Violas do best in sun to part shade and are very functional. You can use them for edging, as a specimen in a rock garden, or as a wildflower. The purple or yellow flowers are present in May and June, some earlier. Violets are fairly small at 6-8" and make a good groundcover.
Vitis vinifera 'Purpurea'	Vine	Purple Leaf Ornamental Grape
Yucca filamentosa Yucca filamentosa 'Color Guard' Yucca rostrata 'Sapphire Skies'		Adam's Needle Adam's Needle Adam's Needle
Zauschneria arizonica Zauschneria garrettii 'Orange Carpet'		California Fuchsia Hardy Fuchsia

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